

## VEXAZONE

***Pioglitazone (as Pioglitazone hydrochloride) Tablets 15 mg, 30 mg & 45 mg***

### What is in this leaflet

This leaflet answers some common questions about Vexazone.

It does not contain all the available information. It does not take the place of talking to your doctor or pharmacist.

All medicines have risks and benefits. Your doctor has weighed the risks of you taking Vexazone against the benefits they expect it will have for you.

**If you have any concerns about taking this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.**

**Keep this leaflet with the medicine.** You may need to read it again.

### What Vexazone is used for

Vexazone is used to improve the action of the body's naturally produced insulin. It is used to treat type 2 diabetes mellitus not adequately controlled by diet and exercise.

Vexazone helps to control the level of glucose in your blood when you have type 2 diabetes. This is the adult-onset type of diabetes, and is controlled by diet, exercise, certain oral medications and occasionally insulin.

This medicine is also called pioglitazone hydrochloride and belongs to a group of medicines called glitazones. These medicines decrease insulin resistance.

Vexazone may be used on its own (when diet and exercise is not enough to treat your diabetes) or in combination with metformin and/or

a sulphonylurea which are also oral anti-diabetic medicines.

It may also be used in combination with insulin.

**Ask your doctor if you have any questions about why this medicine has been prescribed for you.**

Your doctor may have prescribed it for another reason.

This medicine is available only with a doctor's prescription.

The use of this medicine in children has not been studied.

### Before you take Vexazone

#### ***When you must not take it***

**Do not take Vexazone if you have an allergy to:**

- any medicine containing pioglitazone hydrochloride
- any of the ingredients listed at the end of this leaflet.

Some of the symptoms of an allergic reaction may include: shortness of breath; wheezing or difficulty breathing; swelling of the face, lips, tongue or other parts of the body; rash, itching or hives on the skin.

**Do not take Vexazone if you have:**

- heart failure requiring treatment. Talk to your doctor if you have heart failure
- type 1 diabetes or diabetic ketoacidosis (often caused by very high blood glucose levels).

**Do not take this medicine after the expiry date printed on the pack or if the packaging is torn or shows signs of tampering.**

If it has expired or is damaged, return it to your pharmacist for disposal.

**If you are not sure whether you should start taking this medicine, talk to your doctor.**

#### ***Before you start to take it***

**Tell your doctor if you have allergies to any other medicines, foods, preservatives or dyes.**

Tell your doctor if you are a smoker, or are frequently exposed to chemicals in your work place.

Tell your doctor if you have had chemotherapy or radiation in the past.

**Tell your doctor if you have or have had any of the following medical conditions:**

- heart disease with shortness of breath after minimal physical activity
- heart disease with severe symptoms at rest
- swelling of hands, ankles or feet
- bladder cancer or symptoms associated with bladder cancer such as blood in the urine (hematuria) often accompanied by pain and burning
- type 1 diabetes
- liver problems
- kidney problems that require dialysis. Vexazone is not recommended for use if you are on dialysis.

**Talk to your doctor about the risk of fracture and for advice on how to keep your bones healthy.**

Bone fractures, usually in the hand, upper arm or foot, have been seen in some women taking this medicine.

**Tell your doctor if you are pregnant or plan to become pregnant or are breast-feeding.**

Your doctor can discuss with you the risks and benefits involved.

**Talk to your doctor if you are a woman who has not reached menopause, but have no menstrual periods. Some women who do not have monthly periods and have not been through menopause may restart their periods when taking Vexazone. These women may be at increased risk of pregnancy.**

**Tell your doctor if you are using another medicine for diabetes.**

Vexazone can enhance the action of other medicines. You may be at risk of low blood sugar (hypoglycaemia). If this happens, your doctor may need to adjust the dose of your other medicines.

**Tell your doctor if you suffer from lactose intolerance.**

Vexazone tablets contain lactose.

If you have not told your doctor about any of the above, tell him/her before you start taking Vexazone.

## ***Taking other medicines***

**Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking any other medicines, including any that you get without a prescription from your pharmacy, supermarket or health food shop.**

Some medicines and Vexazone may interfere with each other.

These include:

- chlorpropamide
- glibenclamide
- gliclazide
- insulin
- metformin
- oral contraceptives
- gemfibrozil
- rifampicin
- tolbutamide

These medicines may be affected by Vexazone or may affect how well it works. You may need different amounts of your medicines, or you may need to take different medicines.

Your doctor and pharmacist have more information on medicines to be careful with or avoid while taking this medicine.

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## **How to take Vexazone**

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**Follow all directions given to you by your doctor or pharmacist carefully.**

They may differ from the information contained in this leaflet.

**If you do not understand the instructions on the box/bottle, ask your doctor or pharmacist for help.**

### ***How much to take***

Your doctor will tell you how many tablets you should take. The dose your doctor will prescribe for you will usually be in the range of 15 mg to 45 mg per day.

Vexazone tablets should be taken once a day as advised by your doctor.

Your doctor may increase or decrease your dose in order to find the appropriate dose for your condition.

### ***How to take it***

**Swallow the tablets whole with a full glass of water.**

### ***When to take it***

**Take your medicine at about the same time each day.**

Taking it at the same time each day will have the best effect. It will also help you remember when to take it.

It does not matter if you take this medicine before or after food.

### ***How long to take it***

**Continue taking your medicine for as long as your doctor tells you to.**

This medicine helps to control your condition, but does not cure it. It is important to keep taking your medicine even if you feel well.

### ***If you forget to take it***

**If it is almost time for your next dose, skip the dose you missed and take your next dose when you are meant to.**

**Otherwise, take it as soon as you remember, and then go back to taking your medicine as you would normally.**

**Do not take a double dose to make up for the dose that you missed.**

This may increase the chance of you getting an unwanted side effect.

**If you are not sure what to do, ask your doctor or pharmacist.**

If you have trouble remembering to take your medicine, ask your pharmacist for some hints.

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## **While you are taking Vexazone**

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### ***Things you must do***

**It is important that you remember to take Vexazone daily and at the dose prescribed by your doctor.**

**If you are about to be started on any new medicine, remind your doctor and pharmacist that you are taking Vexazone.**

**Tell any other doctors, dentists, and pharmacists who treat you that you are taking this medicine.**

**If you are going to have surgery, tell the surgeon or anaesthetist that you are taking this medicine.** It may affect other medicines used during surgery.

**If you become pregnant while taking this medicine, tell your doctor immediately.**

**If you are about to have any blood tests, tell your doctor that you are taking this medicine.** It may interfere with the results of some tests.

**Keep all of your doctor's appointments so that your progress can be checked.**

Your doctor may do some tests from time to time to make sure the medicine is working and to prevent unwanted side effects.

**Tell your doctor if you have gained weight since taking this medicine.**

Weight gain can be associated with improved blood sugar control; however, it may also be a symptom of heart failure.

## ***Things you must not do***

**Do not take Vexazone to treat any other complaints unless your doctor tells you to.**

**Do not give your medicine to anyone else, even if they have the same condition as you.**

**Do not stop taking your medicine or lower the dosage without checking with your doctor.**

If you stop taking it suddenly, your condition may worsen or you may have unwanted side effects.

## ***Things to be careful of***

**Vexazone alone is unlikely to affect your ability to drive or operate machinery. However, be careful not to let your blood glucose levels fall too low whilst driving or operating machinery if using Vexazone in combination with other anti-diabetic medicines.**

If your blood glucose level becomes too low, you may feel dizzy, light headed, weak or tired and your reaction time may be slower than usual.

If you have any of these symptoms, do not drive, operate machinery or do anything else that could be dangerous.

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## **In case of overdose**

### ***If you take too much (overdose)***

**Immediately telephone your doctor or the National Poisons Centre (telephone 0800 POISON or 0800 764 766), or go to accident and emergency at your nearest hospital, if you think that you or anyone else may have taken too much Vexazone. Do this even if there are no signs of discomfort or poisoning. You may need urgent medical attention.**

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## **Side effects**

**Tell your doctor or pharmacist as soon as possible if you do not feel well while you are taking Vexazone.**

This medicine helps most people with type 2 diabetes not controlled by diet, but it may have unwanted side effects in some people. All medicines can have side effects. Sometimes they are serious, most of the time they are not. You may need medical attention if you get some of the side effects.

Some side effects may be related to the dose of Vexazone. Accordingly, it is important that you tell your doctor as soon as possible about any unwanted effects. Your doctor may then decide to adjust the dose of Vexazone you are taking.

**Do not be alarmed by the following lists of side effects. You may not experience any of them.**

**Ask your doctor or pharmacist to answer any questions you may have.**

**A few patients have experienced the following side effects whilst taking Vexazone:**

- hypoglycaemia (low blood sugar). This occurs more often when Vexazone is taken with a sulfonylurea or insulin
- shortness of breath when at rest or after minimal physical activity with swelling of the legs, feet and hands, rapid increase in weight
- a small increase in weight
- heart failure which may show as localised swelling of the ankles, feet and hands (oedema) and/or fluid in the lungs (pulmonary oedema). This has been reported in clinical trials mainly in patients who are taking Vexazone in combination with insulin
- increased risk of fracture in women
- macular oedema (an eye disorder that can affect vision)
- altered or impaired liver function.

**Tell your doctor if you notice any of the following:**

- weight gain
- signs of hypoglycaemia (low blood sugar), which may include sweating, weakness, hunger, dizziness, trembling or shaking, light-headedness, headache, lack of concentration, tearfulness or crying, irritability, numbness around the lips and fingers
- eye problems including blurred or double vision.

The above list includes the more common side effects of your medicine.

**Tell your doctor immediately if you notice any of the following:**

- dark urine or pale stools, yellowing of the skin or eyes, severe cramps of the stomach, nausea or vomiting, loss of weight, tiredness
- blood in the urine often accompanied by pain and burning, these can be symptoms of bladder cancer.

The above list includes very serious side effects. You may need urgent medical attention or hospitalisation. Serious side effects are rare.

**Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you notice anything that is making you feel unwell.**

Other side effects not listed above may also occur in some people.

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## **After taking Vexazone**

### ***Storage***

**Keep your tablets in the bottle until it is time to take them.**

If you take the tablets out of the bottle they may not keep well.

**Keep your tablets in a cool dry place where the temperature stays below 25°C, protect from light and moisture. Store in original container.**

Do not store Vexazone or any other medicine in the bathroom or near a sink. Do not leave it on a window sill or in the car.

Heat and dampness can destroy some medicines.

**Keep it where children cannot reach it.**

A locked cupboard at least one-and-a-half metres above the ground is a good place to store medicines.

**Disposal**

**If your doctor tells you to stop taking this medicine or the expiry date has passed, ask your pharmacist what to do with any medicine that is left over.**

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**Product description**

**What it looks like**

**Vexazone 15 mg tablet**

White to off-white round, bi-convex, uncoated tablet marked with "PG" over 15 on one side and "G" on the other side.

**Vexazone 30 mg tablet**

White to off-white round, bi-convex, uncoated tablet marked with "PG" over 30 on one side and "G" on the other side.

**Vexazone 45 mg tablet**

White to off-white round, bi-convex, uncoated tablet marked with "PG" over 45 on one side and "G" on the other side.

**Ingredients**

Active ingredient:

Vexazone contains 15 mg, 30 mg or 45 mg of the active ingredient pioglitazone (as pioglitazone hydrochloride).

Inactive ingredients:

Vexazone also contains:

- lactose monohydrate
- hypromellose
- silica - colloidal anhydrous
- croscarmellose sodium
- polysorbate 80
- magnesium stearate.

Contains sugars as lactose

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**If you want to know more**

Should you have any questions regarding this product, please contact your pharmacist or doctor.

**Who supplies this medicine**

Vexazone is supplied in New Zealand by:

Viatrix Ltd  
PO Box 11-183  
Ellerslie  
AUCKLAND  
[www.viatrix.co.nz](http://www.viatrix.co.nz)  
Telephone 0800 168 169

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**Date of Preparation**

29 September 2022  
(Based on datasheet dated 29 September 2022)